

Bellefontaine Republican

J. Q. A. CAMPBELL, - - Editor.

TUESDAY, NOV. 15, 1898.

—OFFICE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE—

Entered at the Post Office at Bellefontaine as second-class matter.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

KANSAS had three or four inches of snow, Friday night.

The Republicans carried Indiana by about 20,000 majority.

The Cabinet has been considering the race troubles in the South. What will it do?

The Eighth Cavalry has left Savannah, to garrison Nueces and Puerto Principe, Porto Rico.

REED will have no opposition for Speaker. The Car seems to have a cinch on the Speaker's chair.

The Republicans of Kansas were evidently attending to their knitting, when they turned "Rockless Simpson" down.

An American squadron will visit England next summer, and elaborate preparation are being devised for its reception.

LONDON advises say England will welcome Uncle Sam as ruler of the Philippines, and that Germany will not meddle.

The strike of miners at Virden, Ill., has been settled. The miners get the State scale of 40 cents, and the stock-ades are to be torn down.

Four boys and a girl, returning from school in Defiance, Friday, were bitten by a mad dog. The children are to be sent to a Pasteur Institute at Chicago.

ADMIRAL Schley is ill. He wants a rest among the mountains. He has been promised the command of the European squadron.

The Administration decides that it is powerless to act in the matter of the South Carolina race troubles. These matters are under the control of the State.

It is reported "all quiet" at Phoenix, South Carolina. We suppose this means the negroes that were murdered, are as dead as they ever will be, and justice is in a profound sleep.

SENATOR Hanna says he is in favor of putting a tariff on tea and coffee. This will be paid by the poor, and middle classes. He is in favor of an income tax, to be paid by the rich?

AFTER a session of the Cabinet, Friday, the Administration has decided to send one million rations to feed the starving and suffering people in Cuba. Let them be sent in time for Thanksgiving.

SATURDAY, was foot-ball day among the colleges. Princeton beat Yale 6 to 0, but Yale says it was a poor game, and newspapers edited by Yale graduates say it was the result of a "fumble" on the part of one of their men.

MADRID dispatches say that Spain will not yield her sovereignty over the Philippines; but, then, she must keep up appearances. She has already yielded her sovereignty over them, and the only thing she can do is to acknowledge it, or recover it by force.

It is true that the Teresa wrecked ashore on Oat Island, and the Bahamas wreckers claim her as a derelict. But this claim cannot be sustained under international law. The Vulcan, with Hobson, and the crew that raised her at Santiago, have gone to see if they can raise her again. She is lying on a smooth bottom, and may not be badly damaged.

GEN. JOE WHEELER has interested himself in a plan to Americanize Cuba, by seeking the education of promising young Cubans in American colleges. Three hundred colleges have been written to, and over a hundred have already replied stating that they will each take two or more of the right kind of young men, give them free tuition, and in many cases help them otherwise.

Ir Gen. Grosvener and the other tools of Mr. Hanna would quit playing the baby, long enough to recognize the fact that it is irreparable and disgraceful to insult the Governor of the State, they might discover that there are people all over the State who resent the insults that have been heaped upon the Governor, and that they are responsible for the slump in Weaver's vote, and other evidences of indignation that have appeared in the election returns. If they had not resented such insolence, they would have shown themselves pusillanimous beyond all respect.

THE PHILIPPINES!

Having Conquered Them We Will Hold Them.

A Million For Improvement, But Not One Cent For Tribute.

If Spain is Not Willing to Concede the Philippines

THE WAR WILL BE RESUMED!

The President's Policy Not One of Conquest or Annexation

But a Deliverance From Spanish Tyranny, That the Philippines May Be Free!

A Policy That We May Be Proud of Before the World!

No Selfish Aggrandizement or Imperialism In It.

The ultimatum of our Government in regard to the Philippines will be given to the Spanish Government within a week.

The Spanish Commissioners having replied to the demand of our Commissioners for the cession of the entire Philippine group, the American Commissioners made a counter reply to which the Spanish were to reply yesterday. If they refuse to accept our demand, that will end the matter—there will be no further discussion of the subject, but Spain will be notified that having gained the Philippines by conquest we will hold them.

It is expected that the peace negotiations will soon be concluded.

President McKinley at one time favored paying Spain \$40,000,000 as a salve for her wounded feelings; but he has heard from the country, and recognizes the force of the position that meets with most favor, that the islands are ours by conquest, and that as we demand no money indemnity from her on account of our expenses and losses in the war, we should pay her none for the Philippines. He has decided that we should pay her only \$1,000,000, to reimburse her for what she paid out for light houses and other improvements in the islands.

As to the President's policy in regard to the future of the Philippines, the following extract from a recent speech of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, is said to be an endorsement of the President's position:

"My colleague, Mr. Lodge, made last night a sober, temperate, and most admirable statement, with every word of which I agree. He declares that he will not turn the people of the Philippines into a colony; that he will give them a chance to be free; that he will give them a chance to govern themselves; that there shall be order in those islands instead of anarchy; that they shall have peace and the opportunity to decide their own fate. Now if this be imperialism, then, until I have misunderstood the temper of the people of Massachusetts and have failed to read her history aright, we are all imperialists. That is one thing. Freedom from Spain, opportunity for self-government, support, countenance, assistance to that newly delivered people—these things are all right. We will emancipate the maidens, we will make her, if it be necessary, a wedding present and help to give her a dowry. But we will not make her a slave, and certainly we do not propose to marry her."

This is not "colonization" nor "imperialism," but it is the simple determination to hold what we have conquered, for the benefit of those whose cause we have espoused, and who have no hint in it of permanent annexation. It is a policy which the Philippines will endorse, and which the American people will endorse, because it is right, and is in accord with the fundamental principle of our Government, that the right of self-government belongs to all peoples.

It is a policy also, which will make us friends and help our commerce all over the world.

The world is to be redeemed to freedom, and Uncle Sam is simply leading the army of liberators—with England a good second.

OSBORNE DICKMAN, of Stuart, Iowa who was with Hobson, and stood at the helm, as the Merrimac steamed past Morro Castle into Santiago harbor, was given a great welcome, Saturday, at Stuart. The Governor and many other State dignitaries were present. He was met at the depot by a great crowd with a brass band, and was kissed by nearly every girl in town. If this thing keeps on, every young man who was in the Santiago fight, will be eating green persimmons so as to be always ready for a reception.

It is reported at Washington that the German Government has signified to our Government that the Emperor William's visit to Spain is a personal visit only, and that there is nothing political in it. But it should be remembered that this same German Government secured the President of the United States to visit Hayti, and declared that they had ordered a warship there, and the first thing that we knew, a German war vessel opened her ports on the capital of Hayti, and forced the authorities of Hayti to apologize for an affront the German Consul had given to the King of Hayti. Emperor William will be watching.

THE IMMENSE BUSINESS

Done by Americans in October.

THE EXPORTS ARE ENORMOUS.

Europe's Gold Coming Over For Our Products.

A Bright Future for the United States.

Foreign Financiers Are Heavy Buyers of Securities, and Money is Piling Up in New York—Wall Street Breaks Records.

New York, November 12.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The volume of trade has been the greatest ever known in October and the greatest ever known in any month except December, 1897. The record for November thus far shows clearings 10.4 per cent. larger than last year and 9.3 per cent. larger than in 1897.

The railroad earnings in October have been 5.2 per cent. larger than last year and 5.08 per cent. larger than in 1897. Foreign trade shows an increase of 20 per cent. in October in exports with 38 per cent. in exports from New York last week, while imports showed a gain of only 2.2 per cent. in October and credits against foreign bankers were piling up at an inconvenient rate. There was and is absolutely no anxiety about the currency and the Treasury is only too strong. When enormous exports of products are considered it seems quite impossible for the country to meet with serious monetary trouble, especially in view of past surplus in favor of this country.

Wheat declined nearly a cent, but recovered all the loss, with Atlantic exports, flour included, of 3,338,509 bushels against 3,274,489 last year. Iron production November 11, was 228,935 tons weekly against 215,635 October 11, and a decrease unsold outside the holdings of the great steel companies, indicating an actual consumption of 1,019,646 tons in October, about 283 tons daily greater than the largest ever shown in any previous month on record. The export demand is beyond all dreams, 40,000 tons rails for Northern Europe and 100,000 tons plates, besides 4,500 tons.

BILLETS From Pittsburgh alone with great quantities of bars, rods, wire, and other finished products. The works are generally filled with orders, including many from ocean and lake shippers and many for cars, with seasonal demand for other products. Wool sales of the past week were only 4,755,000 pounds at the three chief Eastern markets, and were secured by concessions at all markets as last week, making 18,234,900 pounds against 16,692,902 pounds for the same two weeks last year, and 12,289,000 pounds for the same weeks in 1897. Many holders are refusing to place their prices, though large manufacturers bid below current market prices because of their uncertainty in regard to the demand for woolen goods, which has somewhat improved, and yet not greatly.

Failures for the week were 211 in the United States against 291 last year, and 26 in Canada against 24 last year.

When the decision of the French Government to evacuate Fashoda, because it wasn't worth fighting for, was announced in the French Assembly, the announcement was greeted with great laughter. Even the ridiculous Frenchman can see a joke when it is the size of that.

The Government the past week issued its report upon the corn yield. The Government's figures indicate a yield of 1,924,000,000 bush on a total area of 77,707,000 acres, against a yield last year of 1,902,967,933 bush. This yield of corn subsequent developments will likely prove incorrect, and the best of authorities insist that it will not exceed 1,800,000,000 bush. As yet there has hardly been sufficient frost to dry and properly mature the corn in a large part of the country, and it is rotting and spoiling.

Quay Defeated. John Wansmaker says that the result of the recent election in Pennsylvania was the significant defeat of Quay, and all that he represents. He also says that at least 155 of the 254 members of the next Legislature are pledged to vote against Quay for Senator. He offers \$20,000 to convict any member of the Legislature who accepts or offers to accept a bribe for his vote for U. S. Senator.

We Know Now.

We have often wondered why women and elephants are so afraid of mice; but we know now, and we wonder no longer. A few mornings, since, while our cat was playing with a mouse she had caught, it bit her on the nose, in one of the sensitive nerve centers, and she acted for the world, as if the mouse had touched the "crazy bone" of her system. In a jiffy she curled up like a caterpillar, flopped around, stretched out, and then lay motionless for minute or so. Finally, she began to get up, and with eyes wide open stared around as if frightened out of her wits, whined, ran if any one approached her, and all the while looked as surprised as the Democrats after the late election. In a few hours she was all right, and next morning caught and played with a mouse as usual. The mouse had simply given her a Fissina nose left hander on the solar plexus of her nose, and she threw up the sponge as a Jim Corbett, without hesitation. That's why women and elephants, knowing by intuitions the possibilities of a mouse's attack, fear to give battle to the little soft furred quadruped.

Latest From Manila.

The following letter from Manila, was written by Mr. Jay Henry, who enlisted in Montana, and whose parents live in Des Moines, Iowa. Mrs. Henry is a sister of Mrs. Loebow and of Mrs. A. O. McGuire, and a daughter of Mr. J. S. Johnson, deceased, of Northwood. The letter is interesting as giving an American boy's views of the other side of our farms.

Dear Parents: It hardly seems possible that this September finds me in the Philippine Islands. I am not sure that a year ago I would have known who owned these far away islands. From what I have seen of them, I do not think much of them. The climate is too hot, and we are now in the cool season of the year. I am just out of the hospital, where I have been having a pleasant time with malaria, and have been giving most of my attention to the absorption of quinine, which still causes my head to be rather light. You cannot imagine the welcome given to U. S. mail by soldiers here. I never was so tickled to receive mail in my life. Many of the boys had not heard from their friends for five or six weeks. We know absolutely nothing that is going on in the world. The Fourth cavalry moves to Manila this morning—we know not why. The report is that there is trouble with Aguinaldo's forces. You probably know the truth, but we do not know what is going on seven miles away. I do think much of these natives. They are a lot of swindlers and thieves, and about the lowest people I have ever come across. It is nothing uncommon to see a girl from 12 to 14 years of age running around with a cigar in her mouth or chewing a beetle nut. Before I was sick a few of us took a carriage and drove around Old Cavite, across on the island of Cavite, the Spanish navy yard and garrison. It is a little island connected with the main island by a bridge. Old Cavite is all native, and built of rushes and bamboo. The center is a market, where anything can be bought in the line of fruit, fish, etc. It is the strangest, out-of-the-way place I ever got into.

We made friends with some of the natives, who wanted to learn English. They say "Americano mucha buena"—meaning the Americans are very good. They point to the sunken Spanish fleet and say the same. The Spaniards are a much smaller people than Americans and the Philippines are smaller yet. The latter belong to the Malay race. I have learned quite a lot of Spanish and if I had a Spanish dictionary it would help me greatly. I have no paper at present, but leaves from the old record books of the Spanish navy yard. There are churches enough here to accommodate everybody in this part of the island, and jails enough to hold all the island, it seems. The buildings are very ancient-looking—and at first these with the sunken fleet were very interesting but they are beginning to be familiar sights. * * * Garrison life is not so bad but I would prefer the excitement and hardship of actual service to the easy life of a garrison duty in an Asiatic town full of prisoners and the sick of two armies. If the rest of the island is not different from Cavite I will be satisfied to return to the United States whenever Uncle Sam is ready to send us back. The regiment received white uniforms a few days ago. It looks very swell. You ought to see the sick, Spanish prisoners, in the insurgent hospital. They are the most starved looking people I ever saw. I cannot pass by them without spending my coppers to buy them fruit and pass between the bars. They say they would rather be U. S. prisoners than Spanish soldiers.

There are only two things in this country that are really alive—the flies and the mosquitoes. The flies make themselves busy in the day time and the mosquitoes are horrible at night. I send you a few curious home—one of these papers is a notice torn from the door of Aguinaldo's printing office.

With love to all.

JAY.

Mr. Daugherty's Thanks.

F. O. BARTON, Esq., Chairman, Bellefontaine, Ohio. DEAR SIR:—The campaign of 1898 being at an end, and the result a fitting tribute to the Republican national administration, the Republican party and to the splendid service of the several counties of the State, on behalf of the Republican State Executive, I beg to thank you for the many kind and generous contributions to the campaign, and for the many kind and generous contributions to the campaign, and for the many kind and generous contributions to the campaign.

You have assisted materially in adding glory to the name of Ohio, and credit to the Republican party. Personally I thank you for the uniform courtesy you have shown me. Assuring you of my personal regard, I am yours truly,

H. M. DAUGHERTY, Chairman.

The London Chronicle, tabulating the fighting fleets of the two countries, gives to England 53 battle ships against 32 for France, 18 armored cruisers against 9, 109 protected cruisers against 36, 16 protected cruisers against 14, and 214 torpedo ships against 225. In addition she has building 8 first class battle ships, 8 armored cruisers, 10 protected cruisers and 15 destroyers, exclusive of the ships ordered under the recent supplementary estimates of \$40,000,000; whereas France has building only 3 battle ships, 10 armored cruisers, 6 protected cruisers and 8 destroyers. England's program, in fact, has long been based on ability to cope with the combined fleets of Russia and France.

The Fusionists elected the Governor in Nebraska by about 1,000, but the Republicans elected a majority of the Legislature.

The saloon has been closed at the Logan House. How many more will go out before Thanksgiving. Don't be afraid; let us have numerous responses.

THE SECOND OHIO

Will Probably Start for Macon, Ga., in a Few Days.

They Get Krag-Jorgensen Rifles

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 12.—It was semi-officially announced today that the Second Ohio Regiment would be the first to leave Camp Poland. This regiment will go to Macon as part of General E. E. Compton's brigade. The report is that the regiment will leave for Macon next Tuesday, and will be followed immediately by the Sixth Virginia, colored, which also goes to Macon.

The Paymasters are here now and have arranged to pay off the Second Ohio Monday morning. This is considered as a positive indication that this regiment will be the first to move, inasmuch as the movement has been delayed largely on account of the coming of the Paymaster; \$175,000 will be paid out this time.

Orders were issued in the Ohio regiments today to prepare requisitions for the Krag-Jorgensen rifles. The new equipment will be exchanged to the commands for the Springfield now held.

IS ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

Balance Of Trade Between America and Other Nations.

Reductions in Imports and an Increase in Exports Has Been Made—A Monthly Summary.

Washington, November 11.—The details of the reduction of \$113,000,000 in our imports and of the increase of \$129,000,000 in our exports in the nine months ending September 31, 1898, shown by the monthly summary of commerce and finance just issued by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics.

To every grand division of the world we have increased our sales while at the same time we have decreased our purchases from every grand division except Asia and Oceania. To Europe we increased our sales from \$568,805,159 to \$686,986,539, while our purchases were cut down from \$332,394,948 to \$240,863,714. To North America our sales increased from \$94,942,860 to \$180,931,837, while our purchases fell from \$94,511,466 to \$76,948,519. To South America our exports increased from \$24,871,545 to \$35,323,842, while our imports from that part of the world fell from \$78,656,642 to \$63,513,873. To Asia and Oceania our exports increased from \$45,784,340 to \$54,495,283; our imports increased from \$85,004,867 to \$88,259,960, this being mostly due to an increase in imports of raw silk for use in the factories of the United States. To Africa our sales increased from \$11,934,338 to \$13,555,077, while our imports decreased from \$8,196,980 to \$6,674,827.

GONE INTO BANKRUPTCY.

Mr. Joe Heffelfinger Falls for \$118,000.

Mr. Joe Heffelfinger, of Springfield, the genial and popular life insurance man, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, his liabilities being about \$118,000, assets nothing.

Mr. Heffelfinger's misfortunes resulted from an investment of \$20,000 in a lumber company at Asheville, North Carolina, in 1886. The affairs of the company at the Asheville end of the line were badly managed, and shapers there got hold of the thousands of acres of land, the mills and all the property of the company. Other members of the company who were heavy stockholders, were worth half a million dollars, but they failed and died, leaving the burden of the whole debt on Mr. Heffelfinger. He endeavored to get a settlement in the court, but was unable to, and after sacrificing his \$12,000 home, and his farm of over 300 acres in Logan and throwing all he had into the hands of creditors of this company—including all he had made in 20 years—he decided that neither right nor justice called upon him to carry the burden any longer, and he petitioned the court for relief in bankruptcy. He never got a dollar out of the company. Mr. Heffelfinger has his sincere sympathies.

SNAP SHOTS WITH A GRAPHOPHONE.

The Graphophone is to the ear, what the photographic camera is to the eye, and more, for the Graphophone catches instantly and preserves every tint and shade of sound. A most interesting use of a Graphophone is to make records of your friends' voices to be preserved for future use. You can catch the store of your jolly friend just as he told it, or the favorite song of some loved one just as she sang it, and have it reproduced perfectly at any time and as often as you please. Besides the Graphophone affords wonderful entertainment in the way of reproducing the music of bands, orchestras, or vocal or instrumental soloists. No investment will return so much in pleasure as the purchase of a Graphophone. It is the perfect taking machine. Write for Catalogue No. 30, to the COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, No. 1032 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Penna.

COUNTY NEWS.

Kushykavias.

The weather causes various remarks.

Bert Kenyon was in Mt. Victory, last Saturday, assisting in the store.

Miss Etta Drumm is clerking in the Kenyon store at this place.

Several private telephones have been placed in dwellings, the last month by J. K. Johnson & Co.

The fixtures for the acetone light plant for Kenyon store have arrived and will be in operation in a few days.

We understand Monroe & Co. have leased a mill at Richmond and will take their leave of this place soon.

School will not begin till next Monday, as the instrument for disinfecting the books, etc., did not arrive last week.

We have had only two or three cases of scarlet fever, and they were very light form, but the Board of Health thought it best to take stringent steps to stamp it out, hence the quarantine.

Mr. Huxton, who has been visiting her son, Dr. Huxton for some time, returned to her home near DeGraff, last Saturday.

Mrs. Doran has effected a sale of her farm, through her agent, Mr. Drum, to a Fosteria prof. C. S. D. Shawan has purchased a half interest in the farm and the firm name will be Shawan & Santer hereafter.

The Presbyterian C. E. Society are arranging for a "harvest home" social and entertainment at the Presbyterian church on Thanksgiving evening.

There will be services at the Ridge-way Presbyterian church, next Sabbath afternoon, at 2:30, Nov. 20.

Dr. W. M. Goodlove stopped off election day long enough to vote the straight Republican ticket.

Miss Kate Stewart, of Bellefontaine, visited her sister, Mrs. I. W. Lewis, one day last week.

There was many a sigh for electric lights, as the people groped their way to the churches, last Sabbath night.

ZELA.

Belle Centre.

Mr. George Fenn has been sick for several weeks, and his friends fear that he will not recover. His son, Lou, of Cincinnati, came home, on Saturday evening, and will remain for several days.

Mrs. Wagner, of Hotel Lyndon, spent Sabbath with her mother in Kenton.

Dr. J. W. Kerr has been visiting friends in Cleveland for the past ten days and attending medical lectures in connection with hospital practice.

The entire community extend their sympathies to Mr. J. H. Highlands in the loss of his wife. The funeral services were held in the Disciple Church, of which she was a member, and were conducted by her pastor, Rev. Morrison. Mr. Highlands will sell his household effects on Saturday afternoon.

Rev. Grant W. Spear, of Hicksville, will deliver a lecture in the Disciple church on Friday evening. The subject of the lecture is, "The World's most wonderful Book." The speaker is eloquent, and should be greeted by a large audience.

Mrs. A. P. Wylie and J. J. Huston, members of the County Visiting Committee of Charitable and Penal Institutions, call at these institutions today in connection with the other members of the committee. We hope this committee will prepare a report for the county papers.

Many of the school children have very corn arms, and others are sorry that their arms are not sore. It is difficult to please every person, but we are glad to report that the smallpox is not coming any nearer, and the prospect is that it will soon abate where it is.

Mrs. Dr. Simmons went to Maryland to join her husband in their new home.

Swollen Neck

Also Had Great Difficulty With Her Heart—How Cured.

"My daughter had a swollen neck and also heart trouble. After the last exertion she would breathe so hard she could be heard all over the room. She could not sweep the floor or even move her arms without affecting her heart. Her limbs were badly bloated. Her father insisted that she must take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we gave her about six bottles, when she was cured, and there has been no return of her ailments." Mrs. EMMA THOMAS, North Solon, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills

easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

WE WANT YOU TO CALL.

Do you want Drugs and Medicines?

Do you want any Patent Medicines?

Do you want Paint for your House?

Do you want Paint for your Barn?

CALL AND GET OUR PRICES.

Do you want WALL PAPER?

Do you want WINDOW SHADES?

Do not fail to call and see them.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Bring in your PICTURES and have them framed cheap. A 7 ft. Window Shade on SPRING ROLLER. Only 10c.

A W MURDOCK, The Druggist.

Rev. J. J. Huston delivered an address

at the meeting of Presbytery at Leipsic, on Tuesday evening, on "Our Individual Responsibility to the Community."

The next meeting of Sidney Presbytery will be held at the same place and time.

Some of the churches here will observe the 27th of this month as "Soldiers Memorial day," in honor of those who have died in their country's service in the Spanish-American War.

The city fathers have before them this evening, the ordinance for electric light. This ordinance comes up for the final vote at this meeting, and if it passes will obligate the people to pay between \$900 and \$1,000 for lighting the city during the next ten years, and the lights are to go out at eleven o'clock.

We are in favor of electric light, but why not bond the city and erect our own plant and it will be more satisfactory to the taxpayers?

A. F. McConnell, J. K. Elder and H. M. Cline are the successful candidates in this voting precinct and have very happy countenances.

Mr. John McKinnon will hold his sale of fine hogs at the W. D. Dodd's livery barn on Wednesday. This is his annual sale and promises to be well attended this year.